

**N,N-Dimethyl-p-phenylenediamine sulfate(TSS)
(4-Amino-N,N-Diethylaniline Sulfate)**

(A-007)

Your patch testing results indicate that you have a contact allergy to **N,N-Dimethyl-p-phenylenediamine sulfate(TSS)**. It is important that you familiarize yourself with this chemical and take steps to avoid coming in

i What is N,N-Dimethyl-p-phenylenediamine sulfate(TSS) and where is it found?

This compound is used as a color developer and film developer in photography. It may cause lichen planus (skin disorder). Further research may identify additional product or industrial usages of this chemical.

i What else N,N-Dimethyl-p-phenylenediamine sulfate(TSS) called?

This chemical can be identified by different names, including:

1,4-Benzenediamine,N,N-dimethyl-,sulfate;4-benzenediamine,n,n-dimethyl-sulfate
Dimethylpphenylenediaminesulfate
N,N-Dimethyl-1,4-phenylenediaminesulphate 4-amino-N,N-Diethylaniline Sulfate
N,N-Diethyl-Para-Phenylenediamine Sulphate
TSS

This may not be a complete list as manufacturers introduce and delete chemicals from their product lines.

THINGS YOU CAN DO TO HELP MANAGE YOUR CONTACT ALLERGY

- Be vigilant ... read the product label.** Always take the time to read the ingredient listing on product packages. This should be your first step *each* time you purchase a product as manufacturers sometimes change product ingredients. If you have any concerns ask your pharmacist or your doctor.
- Test the product first.** If you have purchased a new product you should test it on a small skin area to see if you get a reaction before using the product on larger skin areas.
- Advise people you obtain services from of your contact allergy.** This should include people like your pharmacist, doctor, hairdresser, florist, veterinarian, etc.
- Inform your employer if the source of your contact allergy is work related.** You should identify the specific source of the chemical and take the necessary steps to avoid further exposure. Protective wear may be adequate or you may need to make a change in your work activities. Both you and your employer benefit when the cause of your occupational dermatitis is eliminated.
- “Google” it.** The internet is an excellent source of ingredient information that can be searched by product, by company and by specific chemical. Some helpful independent internet links include:
 - www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/factsheets/factsheets.html** (U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services; alphabetic list)
 - www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/factsheets/factssubj.html** (U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services; subject list)
 - www.cosmeticsinfo.org** (Cosmetic Industry Category Ingredient Database)
 - www.whatsinsidescjohnson.com** (information on all S.C. Johnson product ingredients)

If you have any future contact dermatitis concerns or questions, please call the doctor's office.